2 подгруппа

***#1*Match the sentences with the tenses**

**#2 Choose the appropriate form of the verb**

1. When…your father…the day after tomorrow?

a) will…get up b) did…get up c) does…get up d) do…get up

2. My brother…the balls yesterday.

a) taked b) took c) was took d) is taking

3. Who…speaking English now?

a) speaks b) is speaking c) spoke d) speaked

4. They…to the Zoo next week.

a) goes b) will go c) go d) went

5. She ….to the sea every summer.

a) go b) goes c) went d) will go

**#3 Present Simple, Past Simple or Future Simple**

1. What your brother usually (to drink) in the evening?

2. We (to have) English lesson last Tuesday.

3. Somebody (to speak) in the next room the day before yesterday.

4. He (to study) French next year.

5. They (to make) a cake in two days.

**4 Present Continuous или Present Simple.**

1.What\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_your mother usually\_\_\_\_\_for lunch?(to cook)

2.Don`t shout!The baby\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.(to sleep)

3.You\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(always to complain) that waiters are rude!

4.I\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(walk) to school every day. I\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(take,not) the bus.

***5 Past Simple or Past Continuous***

1He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (work) when her wife \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(phone) him.

2.The students \_\_\_ (have) a test when the storm \_\_(start).

3.We \_\_\_\_\_(see) a falling star while we \_\_\_\_\_\_(go) fishing in the lake.

**My future profession.**

 Whom you would contact if

* all the lights have suddenly gone out?
* your house is on fire?
* your hair is getting too long?
* your pet cat is unwell?
* your car has broken down?
* you have lost your way in a foreign city?
* you want to register in a hotel?
* a filling has come out of your tooth?

Прочитайте текст и переведите, ответьте на вопросы .

**Choosing an Occupation**

One of the most difficult problems a young person faces is deciding what to do about a career. There are individuals, of course, who from the time they are six years old "know" that they want to be doctors or pilots or fire fighters, but the majority of us do not get around to making a decision about an occupation or career until somebody or something forces us to face the problem.

Choosing an occupation takes time, and there are a lot of things you have to think about as you try to decide what you would like to do. You may find that you will have to take special education in Czechia to qualify for a particular kind of work, or may find out that you will need to get some actual work experience to gain enough knowledge to qualify for a particular job.

Fortunately, there are a lot of people you can turn to for advice and help in making your decision. At most schools, there are teachers who are professionally qualified to counsel you and to give detailed information about job qualifications. And you can talk over your ideas with family members and friends who are always ready to listen and to offer suggestions. But even if you get other people involved in helping you make a decision, self evaluation is an important part of the decision-making process.

**Vocabulary**

to make a decision — принять решение

to force — заставлять, принуждать, вынуждать

qualify ['kwolifai] for — готовиться к какой-л. деятельности; приобретать какую-л. квалификацию; получать право (на что-либо)

to counsel ['kauns∂l] — давать совет; советовать, рекомендовать

self evaluation [i,vælju'ei∫n] —самооценка

**Questions**

1. What is the most difficult problem for a young person?

2. Why don't the majority of young people know what they want to be?

3. When do they make a decision about an occupation?

4. What things do you have to think about when choosing an occupation?

5. What should one do to qualify for a particular job?

6. Whom can you turn to for advice when making your decision?

7. What is the most important part of the decision-making process?

**Match the words and the sentences**

1. a teacher
2. a doctor
3. a policeman
4. a clown
5. a postman
6. a dancer
7. a fireman
8. a baker
9. a dentist
10. a pupil

a) He bakes bread.

b) He works in a circus.

c) He takes care of our teeth.

d) He fights fires.

e) She studies at school.

f) He delivers letters.

g) She gives pupils homework.

h) He helps sick people.

i) He protects people.

j) She works in a theatre.

**Task 6 Correct the sentences.**

1. Doctors teach children.
2. A nurse helps doctors.
3. A pilot drives a car.
4. A farmer works on a farm.
5. Teachers work at school.
6. A fireman brings letters.
7. Workers bake bread.
8. A programmer fights fires.
9. Dancers work in the hospital.
10. Clowns work in the circus.
11. .